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	2004 GENERAL SESSION	
	STATE OF UTAH	
	Sponsor: Michael G. Waddoups	
	LONG TITLE	
	General Description:	
	This bill modifies the Real Estate Code to enact the Community Association Act.	
	Highlighted Provisions:	
	This bill:	
	defines terms;	
	 enacts provisions governing the payment of common expenses and assessments of a 	
	community association;	
	 provides costs and attorney fees under certain circumstances; 	
	 regulates liens and foreclosures related to assessments; 	
	 regulates termination of utility services and use of recreational facilities within a 	
	community association;	
	 provides for future lease payments to be credited toward an assessment under 	
	certain circumstances;	
	 requires written assessment statements under certain circumstances; and 	
	regulates assessment payments by a lien holder.	
	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:	
	None	
	Other Special Clauses:	
	None	
	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
	ENACTS:	



01-22-04 4:07 PM S.B. 129 28 **57-8a-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 29 **57-8a-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 **57-8a-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 30 **57-8a-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 31 32 **57-8a-202**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 33 **57-8a-203**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 34 **57-8a-204**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 35 **57-8a-205**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 36 **57-8a-206**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 37 **57-8a-207**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 38 39 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 40 Section 1. Section **57-8a-101** is enacted to read: 41 CHAPTER 8a. COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION ACT 42 **Part 1. General Provisions** 43 57-8a-101. Title. 44 This chapter is known as the "Community Association Act." 45 Section 2. Section **57-8a-102** is enacted to read: **57-8a-102. Definitions.** 46 As used in this chapter: 47 48 (1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied: 49 (i) by the association; 50 (ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and (iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder. 51 52 (b) "Assessment" includes a common expense. 53 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation, unincorporated association, or other legal entity, each member of which: 54 (i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as 55 56 described in the governing documents; and 57 (ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:

58

(A) real property taxes;

59	(B) insurance premiums;		
60	(C) maintenance costs; or		
61	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.		
62	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created		
63	under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.		
64	(3) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary		
65	authority to manage the affairs of the association.		
66	(4) "Common areas" means property that the association:		
67	(a) owns:		
68	(b) maintains;		
69	(c) repairs; or		
70	(d) administers.		
71	(5) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the		
72	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.		
73	(6) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association		
74	may:		
75	(i) exercise powers; or		
76	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the		
77	association.		
78	(b) "Governing documents" includes:		
79	(i) articles of incorporation;		
80	(ii) bylaws;		
81	(iii) a plat;		
82	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and		
83	(v) rules of the association.		
84	(7) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:		
85	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and		
86	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,		
87	gratuity, or emolument.		
88	(8) "Lot" means:		
89	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:		

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90	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and	
91	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or	
92	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or	
93	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part of	
94	a development; or	
95	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a	
96	development.	
97	(9) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant, or	
98	otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.	
99	Section 3. Section 57-8a-103 is enacted to read:	
100	57-8a-103. Scope of chapter.	
101	Remedies provided in this chapter, by law, or in equity are not mutually exclusive.	
102	Section 4. Section 57-8a-201 is enacted to read:	
103	Part 2. Common Expenses and Assessments	
104	57-8a-201. Payment of a common expense or assessment.	
105	(1) An owner shall pay the owner's proportionate share of:	
106	(a) the common expenses; and	
107	(b) any other assessments levied by the association.	
108	(2) A payment described in Subsection (1) shall be in the amount and at the time	
109	determined by the board of directors in accordance with the terms of the:	
110	(a) declaration; or	
111	(b) bylaws.	
112	(3) An assessment levied against a lot is:	
113	(a) a debt of the owner at the time the assessment is made; and	
114	(b) collectible as a debt described in Subsection (3)(a).	
115	Section 5. Section 57-8a-202 is enacted to read:	
116	57-8a-202. Unpaid assessment Costs and attorney fees.	
117	(1) An association may recover all expenses incurred by the association in collecting an	
118	unpaid assessment, including reasonable attorney fees.	
119	(2) (a) An association may maintain an action to recover a money judgment for an	
120	unpaid assessment without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing the unpaid assessment.	

121	(b) The prevailing party in an action described in Subsection (2)(a) may recover:	
122	(i) costs; and	
123	(ii) reasonable attorney fees.	
124	Section 6. Section 57-8a-203 is enacted to read:	
125	57-8a-203. Unpaid assessment Lien Foreclosure.	
126	(1) (a) If an owner fails or refuses to pay an assessment when due, that amount	
127	constitutes a lien on the interest of the owner in the property.	
128	(b) Upon the recording of notice of lien by the manager or board of directors, a lien	
129	described in Subsection (1)(a) is a lien on the unit owner's interest in the property prior to all	
130	other liens and encumbrances, recorded or unrecorded, except:	
131	(i) tax and special assessment liens on the unit in favor of any assessing lot or special	
132	improvement district; and	
133	(ii) encumbrances on the interest of the lot owner:	
134	(A) recorded prior to the date of the recording of notice of lien described in Subsection	
135	(1)(b); and	
136	(B) that by law would be a lien prior to subsequently recorded encumbrances.	
137	(2) (a) The manager or board of directors may enforce a lien described in Subsection	
138	(1) by sale or foreclosure of the owner's interest.	
139	(b) The sale or foreclosure described in Subsection (2)(a) shall be conducted in the	
140	same manner as foreclosures in:	
141	(i) deeds of trust;	
142	(ii) mortgages; or	
143	(iii) any other manner permitted by law.	
144	(3) In a sale or foreclosure described in Subsection (2)(a), the owner shall pay:	
145	(a) the costs and expenses of the proceedings; and	
146	(b) reasonable attorney fees.	
147	(4) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, the manager or board of directors	
148	<u>may:</u>	
149	(a) bid at a sale or foreclosure described in Subsection (2)(a); and	
150	(b) hold, lease, mortgage, or convey the lot that is subject to the lien.	
151	Section 7. Section 57-8a-204 is enacted to read:	

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152	57-8a-204. Unpaid assessment Utility service Right of access and use.	
153	(1) When authorized in the declaration, bylaws, or rules adopted by the board of	
154	directors, if the owner fails or refuses to pay an assessment when due, the board of directors	
155	may, after giving notice and an opportunity to be heard in accordance with Subsection (2),	
156	terminate an owner's right:	
157	(a) to receive utility services paid as a common expense; and	
158	(b) of access and use of recreational facilities.	
159	(2) (a) Before terminating utility services or right of access and use of recreational	
160	facilities under Subsection (1), the manager or board of directors shall give written notice to the	
161	owner in the manner provided in the declaration, bylaws, or rules.	
162	(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall inform the owner:	
163	(i) that utility service or right of access and use of recreational facilities will be	
164	terminated if payment of the assessment is not received within the time provided in the	
165	declaration, bylaws, or rules, which time shall be stated and be at least 48 hours;	
166	(ii) of the amount of the assessment due, including any interest or late payment fee; and	
167	(iii) of the right to request a hearing under Subsection (3).	
168	(3) (a) An owner who is given notice under Subsection (2) may request an informal	
169	hearing to dispute the assessment by submitting a written request to the board of directors	
170	within 14 days after the date on which the owner receives the notice described in Subsection	
171	<u>(2).</u>	
172	(b) The hearing shall be conducted by the board of directors in accordance with the	
173	standards provided in the declaration, bylaws, or rules.	
174	(c) If a hearing is requested, utility services or right of access and use or recreational	
175	facilities may not be terminated until after the hearing has been conducted and a final decision	
176	has been entered.	
177	(4) Upon payment of the assessment due, including any interest or late payment fee, the	
178	manager or board of directors shall immediately take action to reinstate the terminated utility	
179	services.	
180	Section 8. Section 57-8a-205 is enacted to read:	
181	57-8a-205. Unpaid assessment Future lease payments.	
182	(1) When authorized in the declaration, bylaws, or rules adopted by the board of	

directors, if the owner of a lot who is leasing the lot fails to pay an assessment for more than 60			
days after the assessment is due, the board of directors, upon compliance with this section, may			
demand that the tenant pay to the association all future lease payments due to the owner,			
beginning with the next monthly or other periodic payment, until the amount due to the			
association is paid.			
(2) (a) The manager or board of directors shall give the owner written notice, in			
accordance with the declaration, bylaws, or association rules, of its intent to demand full			
payment from the tenant under this section.			
(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:			
(i) provide notice to the tenant that full payment of the remaining lease payments will			
begin with the next monthly or other periodic payment unless the assessment is received within			
the time period provided in the declaration, bylaws, or association rules;			
(ii) state the amount of the assessment due, including any interest or late payment fee;			
(iii) state that any costs of collection, not to exceed \$150, and other assessments that			
become due may be added to the total amount due; and			
(iv) provide the requirements and rights described in this section.			
(3) (a) If the owner fails to pay the assessment due by the date specified in the notice			
described in Subsection (2), the manager or board of directors may deliver written notice to the			
tenant, in accordance with the declaration, bylaws, or association rules, that demands future			
payments due to the owner be paid to the association pursuant to Subsection (4).			
(b) The manager or board of directors shall mail a copy of the notice described in this			
Subsection (3) to the owner.			
(c) The notice provided to the tenant under this Subsection (3) shall state:			
(i) that due to the owner's failure to pay the assessment within the time period allowed,			
the owner has been notified of the intent of the board of directors to collect all lease payments			
due to the association;			
(ii) that until notification by the association that the assessment due, including any			
interest, collection cost, or late payment fee, has been paid, the tenant shall pay to the			
association all future lease payments due to the owner; and			
(iii) that payment by the tenant to the association in compliance with this section will			
not constitute a default under the terms of the lease agreement.			

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214	(d) If a tenant makes payments in compliance with this section, the owner may not	
215	initiate an action against the tenant.	
216	(4) (a) All funds paid to the association pursuant to this section shall be:	
217	(i) deposited in a separate account; and	
218	(ii) disbursed to the association until the assessment due, together with any cost of	
219	administration which may not exceed \$25, is paid in full.	
220	(b) Any remaining balance shall be paid to the owner within five business days after	
221	payment in full to the association.	
222	(5) (a) Within five business days after payment in full of the assessment, including any	
223	interest or late payment fee, the manager or board of directors shall notify the tenant in writing	
224	that future lease payments are no longer due to the association.	
225	(b) The manager or board of directors shall mail a copy of the notification described in	
226	Subsection (5)(a) to the unit owner.	
227	Section 9. Section 57-8a-206 is enacted to read:	
228	57-8a-206. Written statement of unpaid assessment.	
229	(1) (a) The manager or board of directors shall issue a written statement indicating any	
230	unpaid assessment with respect to a lot covered by the request, upon:	
231	(i) the written request of any unit owner; and	
232	(ii) payment of a reasonable fee not to exceed \$10.	
233	(b) The written statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is binding in favor of any	
234	person who relies in good faith on the written statement upon the:	
235	(i) remaining owners;	
236	(ii) manager; and	
237	(iii) board of directors.	
238	(2) Unless the manager or board of directors complies with a request described in	
239	Subsection (1)(a) within ten days, any unpaid assessment that became due prior to the date the	
240	request described in Subsection (1)(a) was made is subordinate to a lien held by the person	
241	requesting the statement pursuant to Subsection (1)(a).	
242	Section 10. Section 57-8a-207 is enacted to read:	
243	57-8a-207. Payment of unpaid assessment by encumbrancer.	
244	(1) An encumbrancer holding a lien on a lot may pay any unpaid assessment due with	

245 respect to the unit.

246 (2) Upon a payment described in Subsection (1), the encumbrancer has a lien on the

247 <u>unit for the amounts paid.</u>

Legislative Review Note as of 1-22-04 9:25 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note	Community Associations	27-Jan-04
Bill Number SB0129		2:05 PM

State Impact

No fiscal impact.

Individual and Business Impact

Individual and association impacts will vary widely. Enforcement is ultimately through the courts.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst